United States District Court Southern District of Texas

ENTERED

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

February 08, 2024 Nathan Ochsner, Clerk

for the

Southern District of Texas

| United States of America |) |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| v. | ,) |
| |) Case No. 4:24-CR-25 |
| Christopher Djuan Roberts |) |
| Defendant |) |
| | |

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

| Upon the | 9 |
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| ☑ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or | |
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| Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(| 2), |

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

| A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable |
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| presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met: |
| (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): |
| (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. |
| § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or |
| \square (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or |
| (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the |
| Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or |
| (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or |
| (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves: |
| (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i> |
| (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. |
| § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i> |
| (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was |
| committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and |
| (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the |
| defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later. |

| B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a |
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| rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses: |
| (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); |
| \boxtimes (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; |
| (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; |
| (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or |
| (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425. |
| ☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above |
| The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is |
| ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.) |
| OR |
| The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted. |
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| Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention |
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| AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) | Order of Detention Pending Trial | |
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| Signific | ant family or other ties outside the | ne United States |
| | legal status in the United States | |
| Subject | to removal or deportation after s | erving any period of incarceration |
| Prior fa | ilure to appear in court as ordered | d |
| | tempt(s) to evade law enforcement | |
| | alias(es) or false documents | |
| | ound information unknown or un | verified |
| = - | olations of probation, parole, or s | |
| OTHER REASO | NS OR FURTHER EXPLANAT | ION: |
| firearm in connec appearance or cor presumption that preponderance of | tion with a crime of violence. The mmunity safety. The defendant re he is a danger. He must be detain | ent with interfering with commerce by robbery and brandishing a lare is a presumption that no conditions will assure the defendant's ebutted the presumption that he is a flight risk, but failed to rebut the ned for that reason alone. The presumptions aside, the court finds by a anditions that will assure the defendant's appearance, and by clear and a community safety. |
| to the arrest of all surveillance of the and the Denny's. I defendants' getaw | the three defendants, agents set e robbery. All three defendants e During the robbery two customer | s of robberies of businesses in Houston. Before the last robbery leading up surveillance and observed the events. Agents also reviewed video ntered a Denny's, each carrying a firearm. They robbed the customers as were struck and punched by one or more of the defendants. The tree co-defendants attempted to hide in a local business. Post-arrest, all in the offense. |
| Roberts took part | in a total of six similar robberies | s. In four of those robberies, he was carrying a firearm. |
| | | dily injury for which he was sentenced to two years in prison, and illegal d to five years in prison. He also has many arrests on his record. |
| | sets or liabilities. He has been de him is very strong. | stained for the last five months. He is facing decades in prison and the |
| Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention | | |
| for confinement is being held in cust with defense cou- person in charge | n a corrections facility separate, tody pending appeal. The defen nsel. On order of a court of the | Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or dant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an |
| Date: | 02/06/2024 | United States Magistrate Judge |